

Table E-5. Number of employed 1995 and 1996 science and engineering bachelor's degree recipients, by sector of employment and employment benefits: April 1997

Sector of employment	Total employed	Employment benefits			
		Health insurance at least partially paid by employer	Pension or retirement plan to which employer contributes	Profit-sharing plan	Paid vacation, sick, or personal days
Total.....	605,900	455,400	359,800	189,800	452,100
Private industry and business (non-educational).....					
Private, for-profit company ¹	367,200	301,600	240,800	164,300	303,900
Nonprofit organization.....	39,000	30,100	21,700	6,100	32,000
Self-employed.....	12,600	S	S	S	S
Educational institution					
4-year college or university ²	72,900	37,300	20,000	4,400	28,700
Other educational ³	55,400	36,600	32,000	5,800	36,600
Government					
Federal Government.....	21,600	19,900	16,600	2,400	20,000
State or local government.....	37,300	30,100	28,800	6,800	30,900

¹ Persons reporting they were self-employed, but in an incorporated business, are classified as "private, for-profit."

² Includes university-affiliated medical schools or research organizations.

³ Includes elementary, middle, secondary, and less than 4-year colleges or other educational institutions.

KEY: S = Data with weighted values less than 100 or unweighted sample sizes less than 20 are suppressed for reasons of data reliability.

NOTES: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

These estimates on recent college graduates are obtained from a sample survey of individuals whose most recent bachelor's or master's degree is in a science or engineering field and may differ from degree counts presented in other SRS publications.

SOURCE: National Science Foundation/Division of Science Resources Studies, National Survey of Recent College Graduates, 1997